

The Fine Style of the
"SIR NIGEL"
English is but one of the many
reasons for reading this great
story. And the story itself is
fascinating.

THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

98TH YEAR. MONDAY DECEMBER 18, 1905. PRICE 10 CENTS

Richard Legallence
Is a contributor to
next Sunday's
Republic.

THE Emperor of Germany Has Written a Powerful Christmas Sermon for Next Sunday's St. Louis Republic. The Emperor Chooses for His Text "The Lord of Hosts Is With Us." (Psalms xlvii, 7.)

SUMMARY OF The St. Louis Republic

THE WEATHER.

FAIR TO-DATE.	A.M.
Forecast for St. Louis and vicinity—Fair to-day and to-morrow, with occasional showers; temperature, moderate; wind, light to moderate; sea, calm.	6-30
For Missouri—Fair to-day; cold in northern portion. Tuesday, cold in east portion.	10-30
Yesterday's Conditions.	11-30
Weather: Partly cloudy at 7 a. m.; clear at 10 a. m.; temperature, maximum, 53 degrees; minimum, 39 degrees; wind, light to moderate; sea, calm.	1-30
Forecast for St. Louis and vicinity—Fair to-day and to-morrow, with occasional showers; temperature, moderate; wind, light to moderate; sea, calm.	2-30
For Missouri—Fair to-day; cold in northern portion. Tuesday, cold in east portion.	3-30
Yesterday's Conditions.	4-30
Weather: Partly cloudy at 7 a. m.; clear at 10 a. m.; temperature, maximum, 53 degrees; minimum, 39 degrees; wind, light to moderate; sea, calm.	5-30
Forecast for St. Louis and vicinity—Fair to-day and to-morrow, with occasional showers; temperature, moderate; wind, light to moderate; sea, calm.	6-30
For Missouri—Fair to-day; cold in northern portion. Tuesday, cold in east portion.	7-30
Yesterday's Conditions.	8-30
Weather: Partly cloudy at 7 a. m.; clear at 10 a. m.; temperature, maximum, 53 degrees; minimum, 39 degrees; wind, light to moderate; sea, calm.	9-30

GZAR'S UKASE PROCLAIMS GENERAL MARTIAL LAW; MUTINEERS SURRENDER

Reactionary Move May Embroil Tumbling Empire in Bloody Internecine Strife.

REVOLUTION IS UNCHECKED.

Disaffection Spreads to New Districts—Rumor That Witte's Resignation is Impending—Clash Between Cossack Troops and Reformers.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 17.—A shudder of horror has convulsed Russia. The Government claims it has given battle only to the "Red" revolutionists, but the populace generally believes that the "white terror" has returned.

Already the leaders of the proletarian organization, who escaped capture Saturday night at the Economic Society, and even men of the rank of Professor Milukoff, are in hiding from the police, who are hunting them down.

The Government evidently anticipates a battle royal, and has made its dispositions accordingly.

It fully understands that the proletariat will give blow for blow in answer to the wholesale arrests.

GOVERNMENT PREPARES FOR HARSH MEASURES.

The Workmen's Council and the League of Leagues Saturday night issued a declaration of a general strike, to begin immediately, and consequently, by an imperial ukase published this morning, all Governors General, Governors and Prefects throughout the Empire, who are cut off by telegraph, are clothed with almost dictatorial powers, being authorized, without consulting the Duma, to declare a state of siege and, if necessary, even martial law.

As most of the provincial authorities are reactionary officials of the old regime, the advantage they will take of such power to terrorize the populace can be easily imagined, they being in position to become petty tyrants, and wage war each in his own particular fashion.

The Novoye Vremya is the only paper, with the exception of the Official Messenger, to appear to-day, and in the center of the first page is a half-column of blank paper, showing where the censor had forbidden an article. The Novoye Vremya is owned by the Publishers' Union and was published under the protection of police and Cossacks.

The St. Petersburg and Novorossia, two other papers that have not suspended publication, were unable to appear, as the printers walked out in obedience to orders of the Council of Workmen, because these papers refused to print the manifesto of the proletarian organization.

Count Witte, the Premier, is reported to have been unable to appear, as the printers walked out in obedience to orders of the Council of Workmen, because these papers refused to print the manifesto of the proletarian organization.

CRITICAL MOMENT FOR THE GOVERNMENT.

The Government has chosen a desperate moment to repress the proletariat. It is fighting for its life in the Baltic region, where a revolt is admitted to be in full blast, with almost a practical certainty that if it cannot be crushed its flames will spread to Poland. The Baltic population is made up of a hardy and headstrong people, who, having raised the banner of revolt, will fight to the bitter end.

At Moscow the Government is confronted with a mutiny of troops so serious that it has been obliged to send a regiment of cavalry from St. Petersburg to aid in the suppression of the mutineers.

The Government today succeeded in restoring cable communication abroad, but it is utterly unable to guarantee how long it will be able to keep the cables in operation.

Reactions from the inability of Riga, Wilna, Liebau and other places in the Baltic Provinces have been received by the Government, and it is to be expected that the Baltic population is made up of a hardy and headstrong people, who, having raised the banner of revolt, will fight to the bitter end.

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M'LEOD CONSIDERED FOR PRESIDENCY

Jefferson Club Caucus Discusses Availability of Folk's Friend, but Postpones Action.

SAID TO HAVE REFUSED OFFICE

John C. Roberts Also a Possibility—Combs Is Out for Re-election—Edw. Farrell Candidate for Secretary.

The Jefferson Club caucus adjourned yesterday morning without agreeing definitely on candidates for offices on the "administration" ticket. Two men were considered for the presidency, Nelson W. McLeod and John C. Roberts, but no formal decision was made with regard to either. An adjournment was taken until tomorrow night, when the question will doubtless be settled.

Notice of the caucus was sent out by President Horace Rumsey, and he presided at yesterday's conference. No candidate for office were present and the conference was representative of most of the wards in the city.

The delay in framing up the ticket is caused by the desire to secure the acceptance of the man who is to make the race for the presidency against Jeff. A. Freese, who is in the running to the finish.

Mr. McLeod departed for New York yesterday noon. It is understood that shortly before his departure he emphatically said that under no circumstances would he permit his name to go on the ticket for any office.

It is the evident wish of the old organization to turn the management of the club affairs entirely into the hands of the "original" Folk men. Any member who possesses the business qualifications and political sagacity necessary for managing the club's affairs and whom the Folk men suggest will doubtless be acceptable to the

Officers, directors and committeemen of the St. Louis Public Museum will soon be able to report definite and comprehensive plans for the erection of a new edifice, which will be the permanent exhibit building, and which will be owned by the St. Louis Public Museum Corporation. The prospect will probably be outlined at a committee meeting, which will be held this evening at the St. Louis Club.

The fund, which the association is assured of, will aggregate about \$100,000 and will be in the form of an endowment. It will be a capital for construction purposes. Attention has also been given to the selection of a site for the permanent museum edifice, and the officers feel hopeful that this feature of the plan is practically settled, although changes may be made among several locations which would be deemed satisfactory.

It is suggested that the best site would be in Forest Park, at the corner of Lindell boulevard and King's highway, and should the directors prefer this place, there would be little difficulty, the officers believe, in obtaining the desired privilege of occupancy from the municipal government. The museum site at this point would be accessible from all parts of the city, and it would enhance the appearance of the park and the avenue.

The building would have entrances on all sides if put up in the park, and it would, for this reason, be exceptionally pleasing of appearance, and the problem of having a good light for showing off the exhibits would be solved. Moreover, it is argued that the edifice, if erected there, would be a public convenience.

At the meeting of the museum's committee to-night announcement will be made relative to the purpose of the Membership Committee, to accelerate its efforts to get new members. The new building of the museum, which is a booklet setting forth the history and plans of the enterprise, will be issued to-night.

The object of the museum is given in the bulletin as follows:

Primarily the St. Louis Public Museum is educational, secondary, it is industrial. It aims to co-operate with other educational agencies in extending knowledge, and it aims especially at helping all who wish to apply knowledge to the practical problems of daily life. The aim is educational, the means scientific, the end the welfare of city, State and country.

The bulletin further says: "It is the aim of the St. Louis Public Museum to harmonize and co-operate with all other educational institutions of the city and the State—the public schools, both graded and high; Washington University, St. Louis University, and the many other institutions of related character; with the Museum of Fine Arts and Architecture, already a force in our intellectual development; with press and pulp and the benefit instrumentalities they represent; with other learned associations, such as the Missouri Historical Society, the St. Louis Academy of Science and related bodies; with patriotic organizations, and eventually with the State University and the normal and high schools of the Commonwealth."

"There will be no encroachment on any field already occupied. It is the purpose of the museum rather to supplement and incidentally to strengthen existing agencies by capital participation of the museum and promoting that practical development that the same time enlarges intelligence and opens business opportunities."

The value of the material which already has been secured exceeds \$50,000. The attendance at the temporary museum in Forest Park is, up to this time, 100,000, or an average of 2,000 a day. Agents are now obtaining additional exhibits in Europe.

COLLECTOR OF ANTIQUE FIREARMS IS THE VICTIM OF HIS OWN HOBBY



Who was accidentally shot and killed while burning the stock of a gun.

MILLION DOLLARS FOR THE MUSEUM

Fund is Assured for Erecting a Permanent Home for St. Louis Institution.

DISCUSS SITE AND EDIFICE.

Location in Forest Park Suggested—Instructive Official Bulletin Prepared—Benefits for Schools and Colleges.

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KILLED BY RIFLE HE PUT IN FURNACE

Charles R. Eames, Vice President of Credit Clearing House, Slain in Unusual Manner.

TRYING TO BURN OFF STOCK.

While Watching Flames at Work, Bullet From Barrel Penetrates His Head—Found by Wife in Basement.

A bullet from an antique rifle that had been loaded perhaps for fifty years penetrated the head of Charles R. Eames, vice president of the Credit Clearing House, and a collector of old weapons, as he stood by the furnace in his home at No. 406 Page avenue, yesterday watching the flames burn off the stock. He died several hours afterwards without regaining consciousness.

Mr. Eames had for many years been a collector of antique weapons, and whenever he has had an opportunity he had purchased old guns, pistols and swords. Saturday afternoon, when he was on his way home, he saw three old guns for sale at a second-hand store. He purchased them, and after dinner yesterday he sat down to examine them. There was one, a rifle of antique pattern, that particularly interested him, and he spent some time looking at it. The weapon was rusty and the stock was almost rotted away.

Taking the old gun in his hand Mr. Eames told his wife he was going downstairs to the basement to clean the weapon and burn the old stock off. This was about 3 o'clock. Nothing more was seen of him until about 12 o'clock, when Mrs. Eames went to the basement to see how her husband was getting along in his work.

To her horror she found him lying on his face near the furnace with a bullet hole through the top of his head and the muzzle of the old rifle sticking out of the furnace.

At once she ran upstairs and summoned assistance. Doctor Davis and Graham were called. Mr. Eames was unconscious when they arrived and the physicians lifted him upon a cot near by. An examination showed that the bullet had entered his neck just to the left of the chin and had come out at the top of his head. It was apparent at a glance that he could live but a short time.

At 12 o'clock he breathed his last, never having regained consciousness. Coroner Barnum was summoned and viewed the body last night.

From the appearance of Mr. Eames, when he was found, it was clear how the accident occurred. He was standing in the wood shed and had thrust the gun into the fire to burn off the stock.

As soon as the barrel became hot the wood was discharged and Mr. Eames, who was directly in front of the muzzle, watching the burning, was struck by the bullet.

Charles Eames was 52 years old, having been born in Kalamazoo, Mich., in 1853. He came to St. Louis about eighteen years ago, and since that time had been identified with the Credit Clearing House. In fact, he was the organizer of the system, and at the time of his death he was the vice president of the company.

He leaves a wife and three children: Nellie, 15 years old; Lovett, 10, and Mary, 7 years.

He was a member of the Missouri Athletic Club and was well known and well liked everywhere because of his sunny disposition and many admirable traits. The arrangements for the funeral will be made to-day.

CAPTAIN JAMES CASEY ONCE MORE SUSTAINS INJURIES.

Thrown From Wagon on Way to Fire—Hurt More Than Many Times Before.

Captain James Casey of No. 1 Salvage Corps was once more the victim of an accident last night, when he was thrown from the canvas wagon while responding to an alarm, sustaining a severe scalp wound and internal injuries. The captain was rendered unconscious by the fall. He was given medical treatment and removed to his home. While his injuries are painful, it is not thought that they will prove serious.

The accident occurred at Twelfth street and Washington avenue about 5 o'clock last night. As the captain was crossing the street-car tracks Captain Casey was jolted off.

Captain Casey is notoriously the most unfortunate man in the entire Fire Department. A number of times he has sustained injuries, and it was but a few months ago that he was propped up in the wagon after a severe scalp wound from a fall from a Suburban car. His clothing was torn to shreds and his unexpected appearance produced a small panic among the passengers.

MCCALL ILL WITH PNEUMONIA.

New York Life President's Condition is Serious.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

St. Louis, Dec. 17.—John A. McCall, president of the New York Life Insurance Company, is seriously ill with pneumonia. Mr. McCall contracted a cold last Monday, and against the advice of his physician, attended a meeting of the company Wednesday. When he reached home he complained of feeling ill. His case is rather serious.

Within a Week, a Youth of Talent Tried a Want ad.

He had made several applications in person in search of the work for which he had fitted himself. He was half discouraged when he decided to read one of these little notices in Want ad space.

At once, he went to the nearest drug store and in three lines he mailed his case. This little notice of facts was at once sent to the office of The Republic and the next day it appeared in "Want type."

Results:

Twelve men who were looking for that sort of talent—men whom the world would not have found by a search of books to house training—now have their names in response to it. Many others may have seen it and may have been tempted to try it. They will find that a place like this—this great without saying.

The way for Supply and Demand to Get Together is through the Want ad pages of The Sunday Republic—The "Want ad" page.